

From Student to Scholar – A 30-year Journey of Transformation

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Director, Center for Academic Industry Partnership

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Journeys of Transformation

- “Rapid Lifetime Determination”
- “Numerical Extrapolations”
- “Doing Drugs”

Rapid Lifetime Determination

- Light sticks
- How long do they glow?
- Lifetime

Seton Hall's First PhD Program

SETON HALL UNIVERSITY
MINUTES OF UNIVERSITY COUNCIL MEETING
1962 REPORT NUMBER 1

The Council discussed the following matters:

1. Proposal for the establishment of a program leading to the Ph. D. in chemistry.

Sponsor Rev. Albert E. Hakim, Dean
 College of Arts and Sciences

Presentation Rev. Alfred V. Cellano, Chairman
 Department of Chemistry

Seton Hall's First PhD Program

SETON HALL UNIVERSITY
SOUTH ORANGE, NEW JERSEY

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Very Rev. Msgr. Edward J. Fleming
Executive Vice President

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT
TO
THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The Executive Vice President, acting as the deputy of the President, has administered duly approved and established policies of the University. His principal function, in accordance with University Statutes, has been the administration of policies proposed by the University Council and approved by the President.

D. The University Council approved a curriculum leading to a Ph.D. in Chemistry, effective September 1963.

MONDAY, MAY 6, 1963

“Light sticks” The Cyalume Reaction

- Mohan, Journal of Chemical Education, 1974

Arthur G. Mahan
American Cyanamid Company
Bound Brook, New Jersey 08806
Nicholas J. Turro
Columbia University
New York, New York 10027



A Facile and Effective Chemiluminescence Demonstration Experiment

- (1) (a) Raubut, M. M., *Accounts Chem. Res.*, **2**, 80 (1969) and references cited therein
(b) Raubut, M. M., and Bolyky, L. J., U.S. Patent 3597362, 1971; Bolyky, L. J., U.S. Patent 3794231, 1971; Zweig, A., and Maulding, D. R., U.S. Patent 3729462, 1973; Roberts, B. G., and Raubut, M. M., U.S. Patent 3700738, 1972.
- (2) For a recent general review of chemiluminescence see: McCapra, F., "Progress in Organic Chemistry," **8**, 231 (1971); Demonstration of chemiluminescence, White, R., J., *CHEM. EDUC.*, **34**, 275 (1957); Schneider, H. W., *J. Chem. Educ.*, **47**, 538 (1970).
- (3) Baker, J. W., and Schumaker, L., *J. Amer. Eng. Data*, **9**, 584 (1964).
- (4) Raubut, M. M., et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **89**, 6516 (1967).
- (5) Reid, W., Donner, W., and Schlegelmeh, W., *Ber.*, **94**, 1051 (1961).

1 "Cyalume" (Trademark of American Cyanamid Company) chemical light available from the Aldrich Chemical Company and the Edmund Scientific and Chemical Dynamics Corporation.

How long does the light last?

- Cline Love and Ashworth, SHU 1984

Anal. Chem. **1984**, *56*, 1385-1400

Transient Digitizer for the Determination of Microsecond Luminescence Lifetimes

R. J. Woods, Stephen Scypinski, and L. J. Cline Love*

Department of Chemistry, Seton Hall University, South Orange, New Jersey 07079

H. A. Ashworth

Department of Physics, Seton Hall University, South Orange, New Jersey 07079

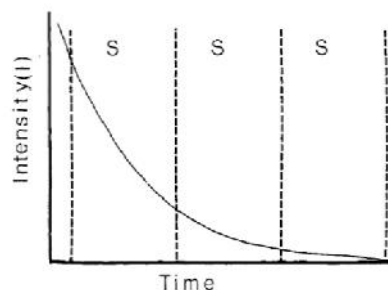
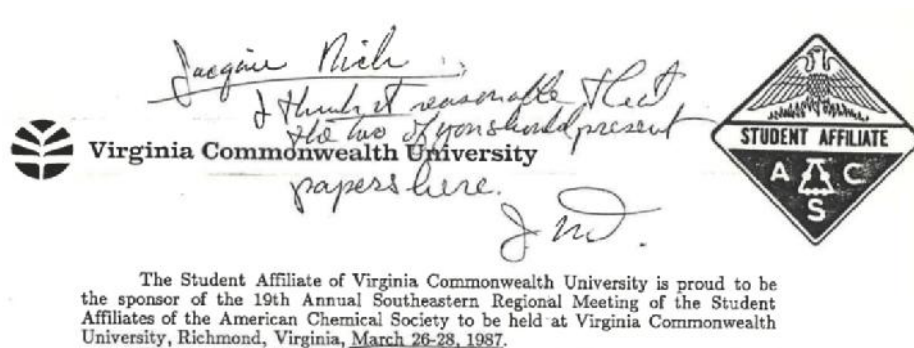


Figure 1. Graphical representation of the RLD method.

“Rapid Lifetime Determination – RLD”

Snow's first conference presentation - 1987

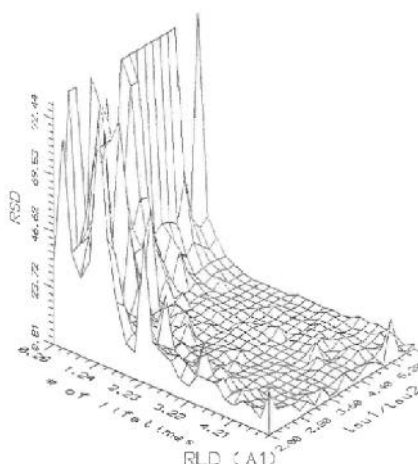
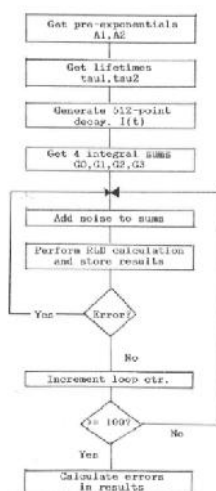


Snow, ACS 1987

ERROR ANALYSIS OF THE RAPID LIFETIME DETERMINATION METHOD. N. H. Snow, J. N. Demas, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA 22901 and B. A. DeGraff, James Madison University, Harrisonburg, VA 22807

Using numerical simulations, we analyzed the speed, precision, and accuracy of the Rapid Lifetime Determination (RLD) method applied to single and bi-exponential decays. We show the ranges of parameters and the fitting regions for which the RLD is useful. The RLD was found to be 100's to 1000's of times faster than nonlinear least squares methods. For single exponential fits the RLD compares favorably in precision with least squares methods, but for biexponential fits, the precision is much poorer. We feel that the RLD will be particularly useful as a fast method for providing seed data for much slower non-linear least squares methods. The speed of convergence of double exponential least squares methods is quite sensitive to the accuracy of the initial parameter guesses, and for the majority of cases the RLD will quickly provide good initial estimates.

RLD Data - 1987



Error Analysis of RLD is Published

30

Anal. Chem. 1988, 61, 30-33

An Error Analysis of the Rapid Lifetime Determination Method for the Evaluation of Single Exponential Decays

Richard M. Ballew and J. N. Demas*

Chemistry Department, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia 22901

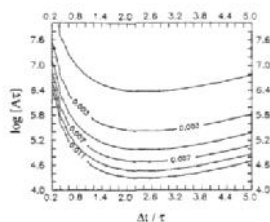
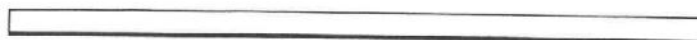


Figure 2. Contour map, generated by propagation of errors, of relative standard deviations (σ_r/r) in lifetime determination by RLD. Each contour is separated by 0.002.

Numerical Extrapolations in Gas Chromatography

Journal of Chromatographic Science, Vol. 30, July 1992



A Numerical Simulation of Temperature-Programmed Gas Chromatography*

N.H. Snow

University of Virginia, Department of Pathology, Toxicology Laboratory, Medical Center Box 168, Charlottesville, Virginia 22908

and

H.M. McNair†

Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Chemistry, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061

2. N.H. Snow, "Determination of Free Energy Relationships Using Gas Chromatography," *Journal of Chemical Education*, 1996, 73(7), 592-597.

Determination of Free-Energy Relationships Using Gas Chromatography

Nicholas H. Snow

Department of Chemistry, Seton Hall University, South Orange, NJ 07079

RLD - Seton Hall, 1999

Error Analysis of the Rapid Lifetime Determination Method for Double-Exponential Decays and New Windowing Schemes

Kristin K. Sharman and Ammasi Periasamy*

Center for Cellular Imaging, Department of Biology, Gilmer Hall, University of Virginia, Charlottesville Virginia 22903

Harry Ashworth*

Department of Physics, Seton Hall, South Orange, New Jersey 07079

J. N. Demas*

Department of Chemistry, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia 22904

N. H. Snow

Department of Chemistry, Seton Hall University, South Orange, New Jersey 07079

Retention Projection - 2014

**analytical
chemistry**

Article

pubs.acs.org/ac

"Retention Projection" Enables Reliable Use of Shared Gas Chromatographic Retention Data Across Laboratories, Instruments, and Methods

Brian B. Barnes,[†] Michael B. Wilson,[‡] Peter W. Carr,[‡] Mark F. Vitha,[§] Corey D. Broeckling,[‡] Adam L. Heuberger,[‡] Jessica Prenni,[‡] Gregory C. Janis,[¶] Henry Corcoran,[¶] Nicholas H. Snow,^{||} Shilpi Chopra,^{||} Ramkumar Dhandapani,^{||} Amanda Tawfall,[#] Lloyd W. Sumner,[#] and Paul G. Boswell^{*,†}

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[#]The Samuel Roberts Noble Foundation, Ardmore, Oklahoma 73401, United States

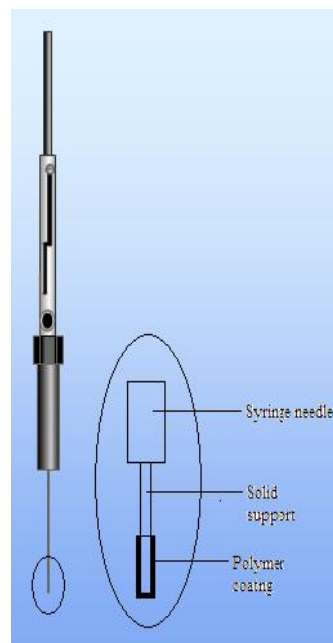
“Doing Drugs” by Gas Chromatography

- A story of analytical chemistry, sports and the law
- 1992 – 1993 Postdoctoral work – University of Virginia Department of Pathology
 - DAU confirmations
 - NCIS – “Abby’s Lab”
 - Major Mass Spectrometer

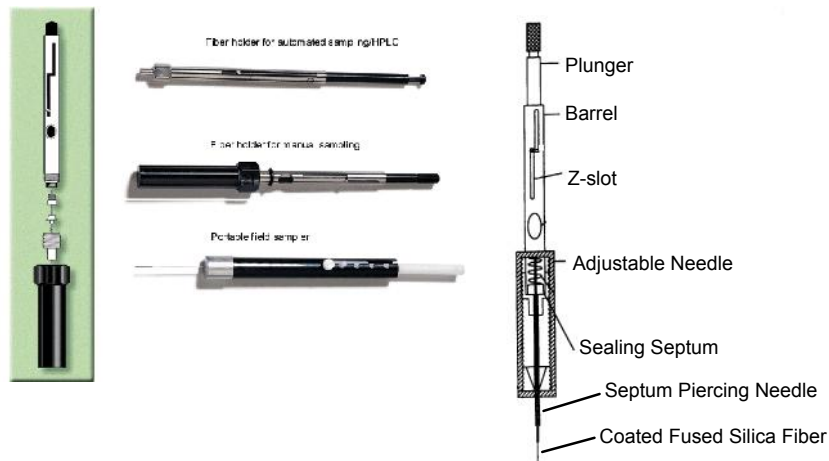


Solid phase micro extraction

- SPME device consists of a silica fiber coated with phase material. The fiber is mounted into a microsyringe, which protects the fiber.
- Coating on the fiber is non-volatile polymeric phase, e.g PDMS, PA
- An equilibrium technique - analyte is distributed between the fiber coating and sample.
- After the extraction concentrated analytes are desorbed into the analytical instrument for separation and quantitation.



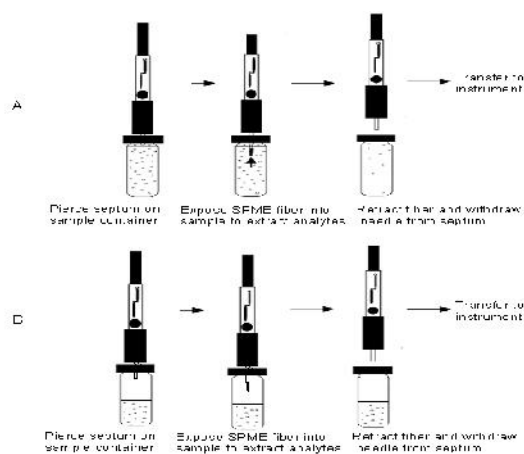
Solid phase microextraction (SPME)



Solid phase micro extraction

SPME procedures for:

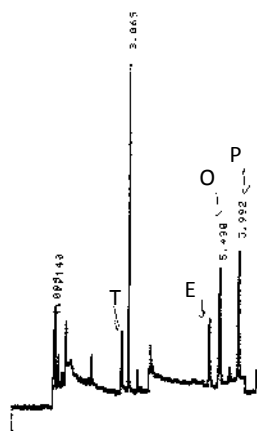
- A. direct ext.
- B. headspace ext.



The distribution coefficient determines the amount of analyte that is extracted.

$$n = \frac{K_{fs} V_f C_0 V_s}{K_{fs} V_f + V_s} \quad K_{fs} V_f \ll V_s \quad n = K_{fs} V_f C_0$$

SPME Trace Analysis



400 part per trillion

toluene, ethylbenzene, o-xylene, p-xylene

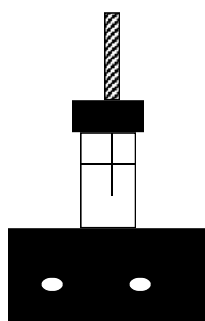
extraction: 3 mL, 30 min, direct

desorption: 220°C, 5 min

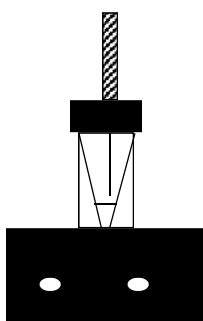
Column: 30m x 0.32mm x 1 mm SPB-1,
40°C (5min), 10°C/min.

Detector: FID, 250°C.

SPME DERIVATIZATION: A SIMPLE THREE STEP PROCEDURE



Extract -
Direct, 30 min

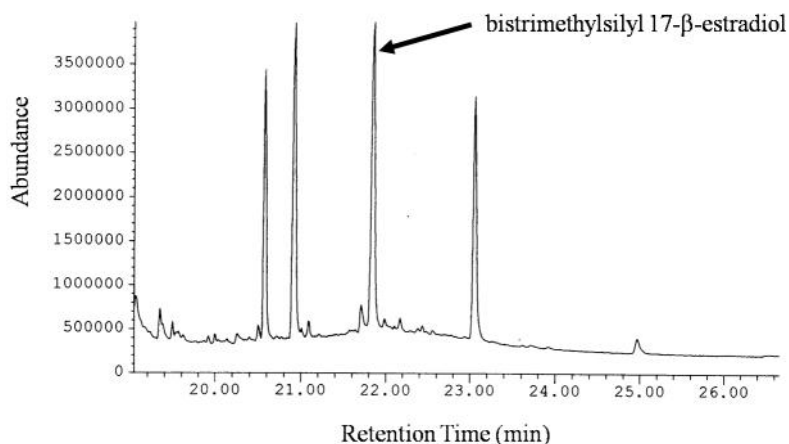


Derivatize-
Headspace, 1 hr.



Inject -
Splitless,
280°C

RESULTS - 17- β -ESTRADIOL TOTAL ION CHROMATOGRAM



P. Okeyo, S. Rentz and N.H. Snow, "Analysis of Steroids from Human Serum by SPME with Headspace Derivatization and GC/MS" *Journal of High Resolution Chromatography*, 1997, 20, 171-173.

Science Direct – SPME and Drug

We're not derivatizing any more...

Trends in Analytical Chemistry 71 (2015) 28–35

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Trends in Analytical Chemistry

Journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/trac

Making the case for QuEChERS-gas chromatography of drugs

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Journal of Chromatography A, xxx (2013) xxx–xxx

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

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Journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/chema

ARTICLE INFO

Keywords:
Sample preparation
QuEChERS
QuEChERS (QuEChERS), and
safe
Forensics
Drug detection
QuEChERS-gc

ABSTRACT

Over the past decade, QuEChERS (quick, easy, cheap, efficient, rugged, safe) has become the most widely used extraction technique for residue analysis. Since its introduction, particularly adapted to the extraction of polar and lower molecular weight compounds, QuEChERS involves extracting pesticides, herbicides, and other food products. Combinations of QuEChERS with gas chromatography–mass spectrometry (GC–MS) have been used to study the extraction of pesticides, herbicides, and other food products. This study describes recent QuEChERS research with gas chromatography–mass spectrometry (GC–MS) and provides insight into the technique in forensic science and drug extraction.

Short communication

Determination of steroids, caffeine and methylparaben in water using solid phase microextraction-comprehensive two dimensional gas chromatography–lime of flight mass spectrometry

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Instituto Internacional de Cromatografía
<http://dx.doi.org/10.4322/sc.2014.024>
ISSN 1984-4433

GC-MS(MS)

Analysis of Steroids using Solid Phase Microextraction-Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry-Mass Spectrometry (SPME-GC-MS-MS)

18 orders of magnitude

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Accepted: December 16, 2013

Abstract

Direct immersion SPME-GC-MS-MS was used for the analysis of steroids in water at part-per-trillion (ppt) and lower concentrations. The method was validated and extended to real sample analysis. The method were linear from 0.01 to 5 ng/ml with precision less than 10% relative standard deviation for a steroid mixture at 1 ng/ml. Limit of quantitation and limit of detection was found to be 200–1200 pg/L and 30–200 pg/L respectively and recoveries ranged from 88–103%. To understand the extraction efficiency of the fiber, a depletion study was performed. The fiber/sample partition coefficients for the steroids were determined to be 1.0×10^4 to 1.5×10^5 . The extraction was performed without derivatization or the use of an internal standard. SPME-GC-MS-MS effectively demonstrated ultra-trace level detection of steroids in water.

Keywords: Steroids; using Solid Phase Microextraction; SPME; Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry-Mass Spectrometry; GC-MS-MS; SPME-GC-MS-MS; water analysis.

A few takeaways

- Science is the most social scholarly pursuit
- A career is in interwoven journey
 - Actions today do impact tomorrow
- Even a “bad” job (or class) can be a great learning experience
- We can measure 18 orders of magnitude of mass

Movie Quotes

- “We’ll make you better...” Top Gun, 1987
- “You have fungus on your shower shoes...” Bull Durham, 1989
- “Cheater’s justice...” Casino, 1995

Acknowledgments

1. F. Olivo, "Solid Phase Micro-extraction Optimization and Interface with GC/MS for Trace Analysis of Steroids in Biological Fluids" May, 1997
2. T. O'Brien, "Insight into the Selectivity of Molecular Imprinted Polymer Phases" May, 1999.
3. S. Patel, "Analytical SPE, Optimization and Applications" May, 1999.
4. C. Ebilo, "Fundamental Capillary Electrophoresis: An Evaluation of Electrokinetic Imaging" May, 2000
5. K. Floyd, "Cyclodextrin Inclusion Complexes of Benzothiazone related Steroids Studies Using HPLC" August, 2000.
6. K. Kaurin, "Determination of Degradation Products of Cosmetics and Toilettes Preservatives" August, 2000.
7. W. Fink, "Characterization and Design of a Molecular Imprinted Polymer for Catechol Alkaloids" May, 2003.
8. J.K. Lakshmin, "Sorption Micro-extraction coupled to Ion Mobility Spectrometry", May, 2005.
9. L.L. Kozakovich, "Mechanism of Ion-pair Chromatography and Retention Behavior of Lipophilic Ions", December, 2005.
10. B.J. Fornatz, "Understanding Charged Aerosol Detection with High Performance Liquid Chromatography" August, 2007.
11. G.P. Bullock, "Measuring Partition and Activity Coefficients using Headspace Gas Chromatography" May, 2009.
12. D.B. Barnes, "Analysis of Street Drugs Using comprehensive Two-dimensional Gas Chromatography", May, 2012.
13. P. Tavarozzi, "Chemical Analysis of Ophthalmic Solutions", May, 2012.
14. R. Chandrasekhar, "Ionic Liquids in Microextractions and Gas Chromatographic Stationary Phases", May, 2014.
15. S. Chopra, "Extending the Limits of Solid Phase Microextractions", August, 2014.
16. Michelle L. Schmitz, QoSCKERS: Gas Chromatography of Drugs, May, 2011

Research Student (undergraduate)

Marcos Diaz	Class of 1996
Shannon Bong	Class of 1996
Diane Johnson	Class of 1997
Carlos Santos	Class of 1997
Michelle Pereira	Class of 2002
Guada Ram	Class of 2004
Jennifer Trinidad	Class of 2004
Nina Arias	Class of 2006
Maudelle Danner	Class of 2008
Jeanna Suarez	Class of 2010
Catherine Andrecki	Class of 2010
Lenore Mosenick	Class of 2016

Freshman Research Projects Supervised

Leofilo Franco (1995)
Carlos Santos (1995)
Michelle Vincent (1996)
Shirley Beniston (1997)
Carlos Escobar (1998)
Michelle Pereira (1999)
John McCarrick (2000)
Nina Arias (2004)
Ellie Moser (2006)
Jeanna Suarez (2007)
Catherine Andrecki (2007)
Eric Hartman (2009)
Jake Ann Mobley (2009)

Secondary Students Supervised Under Project SEED

Tricia Higgins (1996,1997)
Nicole Qualls (1998,1999)
Ashley Fox (2007)
Ramona Cruz (2008, 2009)
Yamette Perez (2009)
Monique Romboldique (2012-14)
Ashli Pinner (2014)
Indreeta Bhanuata (2014, 2015)
Danielson Joseph (2015)

Name	Year	Status	Expected completion
Vaishali Bhawankar	2 nd	Matriculated FT	2015
Thomas DeMauro	3 rd	Matriculated FT	2017
Amy Agudo	2 nd	Matriculated FT	2016
Michael Sathyanaghi	0 th	Matriculated FT	2016
Corra Green	6 th	Matriculated FT	2013
Amuretha Muthal	2 nd	Non-matriculated FT	2017
Shigeru Patel	2 nd	Non-matriculated FT	2018
Nicole Homrich (MS)	2 nd	FT	2015

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